THE CHARLEROI MAIL

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GRAHAM ADMITS THAT HE STRUCK FOREIGNER

Autoist Changes His Mind And Tells About Accident

SAYS MAN WAS PUSHED

Car was Going Slowly When Victim Fell Down in Front of it--Investigation Later

After denying all connections with the accident Sunday evening which may result in the death of Louis Tocehnai, a foreigner of Baird station who was struck by an automobile and sustained a fractured skull, Justice of the Peace E. T. Graham of Gallatin, now admits that it was his car that struck the man, though he states that he was in no way to blame for the accident.

Tocernai together with a number of other foreigners was walking along the brick road between Donora and Monongahela when an automobile bore down upon them. The statements of the foreigners are to the effect that the car was going at a high speed and that the driver ran them down. After striking Tocerani the driver hurriedly cranked his machine and made his escape, but not until after one of their number had taken his license number. This was later investigated and led to Mr Graham's discovery.

When first seen about the case Mr. Graham denied all knowledge of the accident, stated his car was not in that vicinity on Sunday and that the foreigners were not telling the truth.

Monday, however, an investigation of the facts resulted in Justice Graham admitting that it was his car, but stating that he was not to blame.

According to his story the car was going at a speed of about 15 to 20 miles an hour when they approached the party of pedestrians. Mr. Graham states that all got out of the way except two who stood in the road and wretled. Just as the car reached them he claims one pushed the other and he fell directly under the car.

The machine was stopped but Mrs. Graham feared one of the foreigners would shoot and urged him to escape, which he did.

This is the story as told by Mr. Graham but the two versions differ so completely that a rigid investigation will be found necessary.

The injured man is suffering with a serious fracture of the skull and reports from the South Side hospital today, to which institution he was removed immediately after the accident, are to the effect that his condition remains unchanged. His chances for recovery are slight.

This is the second serious accident that has occurred to Justice Graham within a year. Last summer a little foreigner by the name of Joe Doctor was a victim of his car. The boy had been riding on the back of a wagon and jumped off only to step in front of the Graham car. He was knocked down and his skull factured, death following in a few days. At that time Mr. Graham was arrested and charged with mansiaughter, but was later exonerated by the coroner's jury.

CONFERENCE ON STATE'S INSANE

Gov. John K. Tener will attend the conference of heads of the State Insane Hospitals and charitable work chiefs, at the Fairview State institution, Wednesday.

The conferencewill be for discussion of methods of treating as well as maintaining the insane and the heads of the new hospitals at Fairview and Rittersville will present their reports.

The governor expects important results from the interchange of views and will make some inquiries at first hand. It will be his first visit to the Fairview institution.

Cable Now Under Way

Bell Telephone Company Hope to Complete it By Dec. 1.

The Bell Telephone company which is making an improvement to the service between this place and Monongahela, is preceding rapidly with the work and hope to complete it by December 1. A large number of linemen has been at work for several weeks constructing a messenger cable preparatory to installing an additional 100 wire trunk cable. The messenger cable has been finished and on Monday the work on constructing the heavy trunk cable was started.

When this is completed it will mean fifty new sets of wires between the two towns and the company stated that it will improve the service to a great extent, through the fact that the traffic between the two towns is so heavy at this time that the present number of wires is inadequate. Suubscribers await the additional service expectantly.

GOOD ROADS MEETING MONONGAHELA TONIGHT

This evening at 8 o'clock an open good roads meeting under the auspices of the Pennsylvania Motor Federation will be held in the First National Bank Hall in Monongahela. The principal speaker of the evening will be George F. Ladd, past master of the Massachusetts State Grange and who is also a member of the executive committee of the National Grange.

Mr. Ladd wiii give an interecting talk in the interest of good roads. The Monongahela Automobile club has made extensive arrangements for this meeting and has extended an invitation to all grangers and automobile owners to be present and hear this issue thoroughly discussed. It is the hope of the promoters of this meeting that members of the grange from all thesurrounding country will atted. Charleroi will contribute a goodly number for the meeting.

Thomas Mosier of Akron, Ohio, is visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mosier.

FUNDS NEEDED FOR CHARITABLE WORK

Local Board Has Many Dependants for Coming Year and Must Seek Financial Aid Soon

The Associated Board of Charities which has done so much to alleviate suffering and want in this community in the past several years is in need of funds to carry on its work and at a meeting held recently plans were discussed for the raising of more money. At a meeting the regular routine business was transacted bills were paid and many reports of deserving persons were heard.

At the present time there are from 15 to 20 worthy wards in the town who are in need of help and who will be dependent during the coming winter and unles help is forthcoming it will be necessary to turn these children over to the county to maintain. It has been the object of the association for a number of years to take care of these children and by giving them aid to make it possible for them to remain at home, to enjoy a mother's love and to be surrounded by the environments of home life.

A partial budget for the winter season showed that at least $300 will be necessary to carry on the work and this is the amount the association desires to raise.

A committee is now at work devising ways and means to raise this money and all are invited and urged to assist in the good work. The Associated Board of Charities has been a source of pride to Charleroi for several years and is is expected that the desired amount will be forthcoming.

NUMBER OF PLEADERS BEFORE THE COURT

Several Cases of Desertion Heard as Well as Crimes Against Morality--One Plea of Guilty to Larceny

There were anumber of prisoners before the court Monday to enter pleas of guilty without waiting for the grand jury. Among the number was William Shunk of Monongahela, an old offender, whi is as well konwn about the jail and court house as the sheriff.

Shunk attributed his trouble to the refusal of his daughter, Mrs. Kate Dishart, to get him anything to eat. Mrs. Dishart has been living at her father's home, her husband, Philip Dishart, being in jail on a desertion and non-support charge. Shunk admitted he had had a few drinks the day the trouble occurred. He and the daughter had some words and it was alleged the father assaulted her. Shunk said he probably did slap her for he was very angry. He was directed to pay the costs, fine of $1 and to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for 30 days.

David Baxier's case was held over pending some investigation. He is a colored man and lives at Webster. He works at the blacksmith trade and also assists in threshing. It was charged he had taken a horse belonging to George Shroeder, of Donora and have abused the animal. Baxier admitted having had the horse, but claimed he found it on the street and having shod it and knowing whose it was had taken it and put it in a staole. He denied abusing the animal. Baxier told a very good story and the court thought it best to further investigate the case and see if the young man was telling the truth.

Lewis Wilson of Washington charged with desertion and non-support was sentenced to pay the costs and support his family.

Walter Burt of Washington charged with a crime against morality was fined $25 and in default was sent to jail for 60 days.

Lane McCartney of McConnells Mills entered a plea of larceny of some money and was fined $1 and costs and five months in jail.

For a crime against morality Cecil Baker of Washington drew a fine of $1 and costs and sixty days to jail.

SPECIAL SERVICES IN LOCAL CHURCH

Holy communion will be observed in the First Presbyterian church on next Sunday and special services preparatory to this occasion will be held on Wednesday and Thursday evenings. On Wednesday evening Rev. Hackett the pastor has arranged to have Rev. S. L. Johnson, of Maine, N Y., occupy the pulpit. Rev. Johnson is an exceptionally fine minister and his address is sure to be most inspiring. On Thursday evening Rev. Ramage, pastor of the Rehoboth church will deliver the sermon. Rev. Ramage is well known here and is always a favorite. On Sunday evening the choir has arranged a special song service which should attract a large congregation for evening worship.

INJUNCTION AGAINST SULPHUR WATER

Paul Terchek has asked for an injunction to stop John Talbot from running sulphur water across his property at Hackett, Peters township The plaintiff owns property on one side of the road and the defendant operates a coal bank on the other side. Water pumped from the coal mine is said to run through a pipe and then spread over the property of Terchek. It is averred the water does not follow a natural water course. A preliminary injuction was granted and argument will be heard October 1 at 10 o'clock.

W. H. Willison of Clarksburg, W. Va., was a business caller in Charleroi Monday.

ROUSING MEETING AT COUNTY SEAT MONDAY

BODY THAT OF A FOREIGN MINER

The body that was found floating in the river at California on Saturday, has been identified as that of a foreigner named Louis Angerfki, a miner, residing at California. The man is said to have been demented and last Monday wandered away from his home and has not been heard of since. It is supposed that he found his way to the river and unconsciously fell in. His body was removed to the Ghrist undertaking rooms at California and remained there until identified Monday afternoon. It was interred today at that place.

Dog Fell In Shaft

Canine Dropped 80 Feet But was None the Worse for Experience

A fall of 80 feet into the air shaft of a mine only to come out unhurt is the experience of a valuable hunting dog belonging to William Wainwright of Roscoe. On Sunday Mr. Wainwright together with several compaions went for a walk through the hills across the river from Roscoe. Fido, a valuable hound belonging to Mr. Wainwright followed the party and in a short time picked up the trail of a rabbit. He followed it for some distance and unconsciously wandered too near the air shaft and fell in. The men waited for some time and did not hear any sign of life and supposed the little animal was dead.

Upon returning in the course of an hour or so they stopped at the shaft and heard the dog barking. The owner supposed the dog to be badly hurt and determined to get to him and put him out of his misery. A long rope was secured and one of the party was lowered into the old workings. He fastened the rope around the dog and it was drawn to the surface. An examination failed to reveal any injury and when freed Fido immediately picked up the scent of the rabbit and away he scampered none the worse for the experience.

YOUNG PEOPLE MARRIED AT ST JEROME'S CHURCH

In the presence of a number of friends at St. Jerome church this morning at nine o'clock occurred the marriage of Marie Hilda Ritzer and Martin Joseph Hallinean. The ceremony was performed by the pastor Rev. Father Fries. The young couple was attended by Miss Marcella Ritzer, sister of the bride and Jacob Oravitz. Mr. Hallinean is employed at the Imperial Bottle factory and his bride is known to many of our readers. The happy young couple will make their home in Charleroi.

Mrs. W. H. Milliken is visiting in Pittsburg.

Miss Jessie Levy of Pittsburg is visiting friends in Charleroi.

Speakers of Note Discussed the Proposed Bond Issue

GEORGE LADD PRESENT

Nailed Statement That Farmers Would be Taxed to Pay for the Improvements .

A decidedly representative body of men gathered in Washington Monday night to hear the proposed fifty million dollar bond issue discussed. The meeting was an enthusiastic one nad the project received great impetus through the straightforward explanations of Attorney Robert W. Irwin of Washington and George S. Ladd of Massachusetts. That the people are thinking deeply on the subject was shown by the queries directed to the speakers by members of the audience.

Dr. Boyd Emery of Eighty Four asked a most pertinent question. He stated that the report was being circulated that the bond issue would cost the farmers a lot of money. Attorney Irwin answered his question and thanked him for calling attention to this important subject. The speaker stated that the cost of the bond issue will ocme wholly from the corporations. He stated that the farmer, unless he holds large shares in the public corporations, will not be called upon to pay a cent. Mr. Irrwin stated that he did not believe that many of our farmers are largely interested in corporations and hence he felt sure that the cost would not fall upon at least the large majority of our farmers.

The meeting was characterized by the seeming interest of all in attendance and this speaks well for the road bond amendment. All that is needed is for theindividual voter to understand theproposition and there will be no reason for him to oppose him.

Both speakers talked in a clear comprehensive manner and put the facts up to their hearers in a straightforward manner that is sure to create a lasting impression.

This evening a good roads meeting will be held in Monongahela and once more Mr. Ladd will talk on thesubject as will also several other good advocates of the bond issue and improved roads. It is expected that delegations will bepresent from all along the valley. The meeting will be held in the First National Bank hall at that place at eight o'clock.

NEW EAGLE BOROUGH PROGRESSING FINE

The little borouh of New Eagle, on the outskirts of Monongahela israpidly shaping itself into a real live municipality. At the council meetng a few days ago, the supplies committee was authorized to purchase 15 small chemical fire extinguisheds, which will be distributed throughout the borough to be available in case of fire. An ordnance was also presented and passed on first reading authorizing a contract with the West Penn Electric company for 24 electric street lights of the 100 watt Tungston variety.

J. K. Tener, Pres. S. A. Walton, Vice Pres. R. H. Rush, Cashier.

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Bell—76 Charleroi—76

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DISPLAY—Fifteen cents per inch, first insertion. Rates for large space contracts made known on application.

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LEGAL NOTICES—Legal, official, and similar advertising including that in settlement of estates, public sales, live stock, estray notices, notices to teachers, 10 cents per line, first insertion, 5 cents a line each additional insertion.

LOCAL AGENCIES

G. S. Might .....Charleroi
C. F. Hixenbaugh .....Belle Vernon

AN APPEAL FOR FUNDS

The Associated Charities of Charleroi is in need of funds if it is to continue its excellent work through the winter that is to come and the appeal should not fall on deaf ears. This is a most worthy organization and the good that it has accomplished has spread far beyond the boundaries of Charleroi and is spoken of throughout the county and this section of the state.

At a recent meeting of the organization it was found that the treasury was exceedingly low. There has not been much money contributed within the year but the work of carrying for needy ones has gone on endlessly, with the result that the committee finds itself in a position where more funds must be forthcoming.

At present there are from 15 to 20 children that are in need of assistance and who will have to be taken care of the coming winter and if the treasury is not replenished they will have to be taken from their mothers and become wards of the county. These cases are practically all of children with widowed mothers who are unable to support them and to take them from their homes would be to defeat the primary cause of the Associated Charities.

A hastily prepared budget shows that at least $500 must be secured to continue the work and it is hoped and expected that this amount will be forthcoming in a short time. The excellent work that has been done heretofore should not be allowed to dwindle now when more funds are needed and it is urged that all come forward with their moral and financial assistance and help to keep these little offsprings at their mothers' sides surrounded by the uplifting environments of home life instead of the cold strange county institution.

Charleroi has never failed when money was necessary for such cases and it is expected that the sum needed will be secured without much trouble.

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ELECTRIC SPARKS

The Old Songs.

I'm fond of "Annie Laurie,"
To hear it is a boon,
No one in that song declares
That he's a Zulu coon,
—Washington Herald.

I love "Kathleen Mavourneen,"
Whose chaste Carrara brow
Was never troubled by the cry,
"Here comes your daddy now."
—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

"The Last Rose of Summer"
Charms me the same old way,
For no one in that song remarks:
"Then he to her did say."
—New York Evening Sun.

Annie indeed was bonny,
Kathleen and Rose were fine,
But there's a new girl gets my goat,
"It's "That Old Girl of Mine."
—Washington Observer.

"Auld Lang Syne" was pretty too;
When "Nellie Was a Lady"
But between the lamp-post time and you
Sipe "My Great Big Blue Eyed Baby"

Happiness.

Do not invite, excite or ignite trouble.

* * *

Many hunters want a closed season for deer. It is still open season for chicken and snipe though.

* * *

The best sign that a man believes anything is not his repetition of its formulas but his impersonation with its spirit.

* * *

By a decree of the court recently seven divorces were granted, this makes possible fourteen more marriages, as many divorces and thus the good work continues.

PICKED UP IN PASSING

An amusing story is told at the expense of a postmaster who is in charge of a little two-by-four office near Charleroi. He is a genial whole-souled sort of a fellow who would stretch a point anytime to oblige a friend or a patron of the office.

Some few days ago a lady came into the office and asked if there was any mail and he said yes there is a card here some place. He immediately instigated a search but after turning over everything in the store, disturbing the cat and arousing the ire of the village loafers, he faced the lady in a very embarrassed sort of a way and said:

"I can't find that blasted card any place, my wife must have given it to the baby, but anyhow your sister can't come on Tuesday, her baby has the measles."

With a satisfied nod the woman left the office.

The obedient boy is a treasure, but in trying to be polite he sometimes slips up. The father of this lad had brought him up to be courteous to his elders on all occasions. Upon going to a distant school his father had told him to telegraph home "Yes" if he found everything satisfactory and had arrived safely. He did so, but the busy parent had forgotten the arrangement and being puzzled, telegraphed back "Yes what?" The answer came, "Yes sir."

MASTER'S REPORT HAS BEEN FILED

In the suit of James C. Pepper, et. al., against Jennie Smallwood, et al., the master's report of distribution has been filed and approved nisi ten days. The costs of the audit were $221.19. Taxes were allowed to the amount of $12.69, making the total credits allowed, $236.88. The master finds that there are certain debts, not of record, unpaid of the decedent, Hannah Holder, but that they are divested by the statute of limitation. Judgments will more than exhaust the proportionate interest of James C. Pepper and his interest is warded to Lewis and Joe B. Carson. The master further finds that Jennie Smallwood, Leona Wessell, Herman U. Lutes by his guardian, Charles O. Frye and Dorothy Williams, by her guardian, the Charleroi Savings & Trust Co., for a valuable consideration, have assigned their interest. The total assets derived from the sale of land amounted to $995. Deducting from this costs and taxes there is left for distribution the sum of $668.12.

M.ss Sena Mosier was an over Sunday visitor in Uniontown.

DREAMS PROTECT OUR SLEEP

Reasonable Explanation of Events Which Have Been a Puzzle to the Minds of Students.

Dreams seem a mere play of imagination without any value—the more as every serious student has recognized that it is absurd to think that dreams have any prophetic character. But, in recent times, science has discovered the probable purpose of the dreams, and has found in this case again that nature does not give to us anything which is superfluous.

In the present view of science, dreams fulfill the purpose of protecting our sleep, and this end is reached by those apparently meaningless flights of the imagination. Most dreams start from some disturbance or excitement of our organism. Something may press on us, or touch us, or we may hear a sound, or we may have some digestive trouble, or we may lie in an uncomfortable position, and so on. Any such disturbance would excite the mind and would easily lead to a breaking up of the sleep which is necessary for us in order to be fresh for the next day's work.

The dream provides the solution. In creating a fantastic background for that disturbance, by which the inner excitement becomes adapted to a whole situation in which it fits well, our efforts to remove it becomes sidetracked and the sleep can go on without interruption. We may have thrown off a blanket and feel cold. Our dream brings us to a snowy winter landscape in the midst of the cold winter day, where we begin to skate, and all the coldness is then so natural and well adjusted to the whole illusory experience that our mind moves on without destroying the sleep.—From St. Nicholas.

Cleaning a Rusty Rifle.

It is an easy matter to clean a rusty rifle barrel, but when the rust has pitted the metal to any depth, the accuracy of the rifle is destroyed. When the rust is very thick saturate the inside of the barrel with coal oil, and allow it to soak well in for an hour or more. When the rust has softened somewhat wrap some tow around the ramrod, and pour enough coal oil upon it to thoroughly moisten it, and push in a rotary manner through the barrel and back a dozen times. When the tow gets very dirty renew it and continue the process until the coarser portion of the rust has been removed. A round brush of stiff bristles is next fixed to the ram-rod, moistened thoroughly with the oil, and twisted into a barrel, running it back and forth at least a dozen times, thus loosening the dirt that has been more firmly attached to it. The first operation is now repeated, except that the tow on the ramrod is left dry, and the rubbing with this must be continued in all directions as long as it comes out soiled. The use of wire brushes is objectionable for cleaning guns, as the numerous steel points cut into the tube. Careful cleaning of the metal parts after use, and giving them a coat of petroleum or sweet oil when laid aside, will keep a rifle free from rust and ready for use at all times.

Why the Country is Deserted.

There are all sorts of reasons given why we can no longer keep our young people in the country, and most of the all sorts of reasons are good, but there is one which is just beginning to be recognized which is most potent of all, and yet most insidious. In the teachers of the little children in the country do we find the danger; these teachers, knowing nothing really of rural life, instil the thought from the beginning, "Get an education so as to get away from this place into a big city where you can have a chance!" And now our slow-going government has at last recognized this danger and sends out this warning: "The tendency of the rural school to encourage emigration to the city is due to the fact that the course of study in most rural schools is merely a copy of that given to city school children, without reference to the different environment and local needs of the country child. As a result the authors declare that teachers everywhere, with rare exceptions, have idealized city life, and unwittingly have been potent factors in inducing young men and women to leave the farm and move into the city."—Universalist Leader.

Has Had Adventurous Life.

Dr. George Ernest Morrison, whose recent appointment as financial adviser to the president of China has aroused adverse comment in Germany, the Tagilche Rundschau terming him "an enemy of Germany," is widely known as a writer and venturous traveler. He has been the Peking correspondent of the London Times for a long time. He is a native of Australia, and was educated at Melbourne and the University of Edinburgh. During a journey through New Guinea in 1883 he was speared in the breast in an attack by natives, and it was not until the following year that the spearhead was cut out, the operation being performed in Edinburg. Probably his best-known book is "An Australian in China."

Too Much for Pop.

"Pop!"

"Yes, my son."

"They scuttle a house at the top don't they?"

"Yes, my boy."

"And they scuttle a boat at the bottom, do they not?"

"Why—yes."

"Well, where y start to scuttle a house

LETTER "CAME BACK"

AND THE QUESTION IS, WHERE HAD IT BEEN?

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett Would Like an Answer, if Any One Will Reason It to Her Complete Satisfaction.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett tells a true story which she calls "The Mystery of My Life." And truly it is a mystifying occurrence.

It was some time ago, while she was living in England. One night she and a friend were spending a quiet evening by the fire, chatting, reading. Mrs. Burnett's friend, be it understood, sat throughout the event in an armchair by the fire, and did not leave her place until all was over, so that, as in the case of conjurers, there could have been "no deception" on her part.

Mrs. Burnett went in the course of the evening to her desk and wrote a letter. She signed, folded, directed, sealed and stamped it, and stood it up against a silver cigarette box on the center table. Then she arose to go and sit by the fire again.

Presently, wishing the letter posted, she started to take steps toward having it mailed She looked for it on the center table, and the letter was not there. She looked all over the table in vain. She rubbed her eyes and looked again. She knew she had stood that letter up against the silver cigarette box, but it was not there. No one had entered the room, no one had left it; her friend had sat motionless by the fire.

Mrs. Burnett said to herself: "I know—sometimes one's eyes are held. A thing may be staring one straight in the face and not be seen. It may seem to be masquerading as something else!" And she began systematically examining each object on the table separately, picking it up, naming it, and setting it down again, to make sure that it was itself and not the letter.

"Is this the letter? No, this is a Dresden china bonbon dish. Is this it? No, this is a brass candlestick; this is a magnifying glass; this is an ivory paper cutter; this is a carved wooden box; this is a rose jar; this is an ash receiver, and this, finally, is a silver cigarette box, and there is nothing else on the table, and there is neither hide nor hair of a letter to be seen!"

Completely at a loss, Mrs. Burnett strolled about the room to examine other possible surfaces where the letter might have been placed, had it not emphatically and unmistakably been put upon the center table against the cigarette box. She searched on the mantelpiece, on her desk, on the piano, on the bookcase—no letter. In discouragement she turned again to the center table for another hunt. There stood the letter demurely leaning against the silver cigarette box, exactly as she had placed it.

And that such things are possible, and that they happen to such perfectly sane, clear-eyed, level-headed and reliable people as Mrs. Burnett is perfectly credible. Have we not all had similar experiences? And if they were not possible, whence come the world-old beliefs in elementals, in mischievous sprites, in elves and brownies who play pranks upon us poor, dull mortals? Explain it how we may, that is what happened to Mrs. Burnett.

Orchids at Home.

Very few children think of growing orchids on the window sill, but these can really be raised at home with very little trouble. Of course, the flowers in bloom seldom cost less than a dollar a piece and very often more, but the plants are not so very expensive. All that you need is a soap box, covered with a piece of glass. Put the plants in this and place the box in a window where they can get plenty of sunlight. They won't require much attention besides watering, and this needn't be done often, as the glass top will keep the water from evaporating very rapidly. In winter, though, your little hothouse will have to be heated in some way. The easiest way to do this, if your house is lighted with electricity, is to run a wire into the box and heat it with an electric light.

More Athletics.

Governor Wilson at a luncheon at Spring Lake told, apropos of the abundant crops of 1912, a crop story.

"A country minister," he said, "met a farmer parishoner and asked: 'Is your son going back to college this fall?'

"'Yes, he is, doctor,' the farmer answered.

"'But he's got his degree,' said the minister. 'What's the matter? Doesn't he know enough to suit you?'

"'He knows enough book-learnin', said the farmer, 'but from the way he's been helping with the harvestin' of the crops, I think he needs a few more athletics.'"

Making It Sure.

An aged merchant was very ill. He sent for the family lawyer. "I wish," began the sick man, as the attorney stood by his bedside, eager to catch every word as it was uttered.

"Yes?" answered the lawyer, hastily scribbling.

"All my property and estate to go to my eldest daughter. I wish to die firm in the knowledge that the property is assured to her," continued the merchant, with eager excitement.

"Of course—of course!" fussed the attorney.

"Would it be asking too much," hesitatingly asked the dying man, "to suggest that you should marry her?"

MEN OF THE FIRST REPUBLIC

Type of the Soldiers With Whom the Great Napoleon Swept All Europe.

Another contribution to "Napoleoniana" is the collection of memoirs and letters of the army surgeon, Baron Desgnettes, who was with the Egyptian expedition. One day he found Eugene Beauharnais asleep in the sand in the desert of Ramanieh "Wake up, Eugene, wake up! This repose does not suit either your name or profession. A man of war must be without rest and without pity." On another occasion Napoleon had condemned several of his pet Grenadiers to death for looting and murder. His reflections, made to Desgnettes, are worth quoting:

"My sentence on the Grenadiers of the Thirty-second regiment cost me dear, but I was obliged to do it. A commander-in-chief must have a tremendous power. How can you reasonably question the right of a man to whom the state sometimes entrusts the lives of a hundred thousand troops to punish such serious offenses as he deems fit? I convicted these Grenadiers before punishing them! When I seized Antoine by the collar and said to him: 'Come, miserable wretch, and let me confront you with your accomplice,' he was confounded

"But what men!—fellows to win a battle by themselves! Perhaps the corporal has won some. You did not see how they died? Like Caesars, showing their affection for me. One of their comrades went to drink with them in prison, and remarked: 'Perhaps there was some truth in the charge, else Bonaparte would not have condemned you.' 'Be silent,' was the answer; 'you do not know what you are saying; he was deceived again, as he often has been before, but no matter—let us drink to his health.' And when the time came for the execution, they marched steadily out and stood calmly before the firing party, saying: 'This is how the Grenadiers of the Thirty-second die.' Afterward the officers came to see me, but I would not receive them; but, faith! I pity those upon whom the Thirty-second may fall on the first occasion that presents itself for them to wipe out the remembrance of all this."

Macaroni Fakes.

"They even fake macaroni," said a pure food man. "Nothing is cheaper than macaroni, thanks to which Italian bank clerks can live on $4 a week, but in this benighted, money-mad land of ours the food trust millionaires insist on faking it.

"But you can tell fake macaroni—it is perfectly straight. The real has bent ends, for it has been dried in hairpin in shape, slung over a rail, and, when it is broken for boxing, the bent ends show

"The real macaroni is made of a semi-transparent wheat from southern Europe and Algeria, a hard wheat extraordinarily rich in gluten and other nitrogenous matter. Real macaroni is tender, yellowish, elastic, rough in texture. It boilsg without becomin sticky or losing its tubular shape.

"But the fake stuff, made of cheap domestic wheat, is very tender. Hence it must be dried flat; slung over a rail to dry, it would fall to pieces, and hence its straight shape, its lack of the characteristic curved ends. It is an ugly white, too, instead of a rich yellow in color. Boiled, it is apt to break up and collapse. Eaten, there is little nourishment and less taste to it."

Lely the Painter.

Sir William Lely had agreed for the price of a portrait he was to draw for a rich London alderman, who was not indebted to nature either for shape or face. The picture being finished, the alderman endeavored to beat down the price, saying that if he did not purchase it it would remain on the painter's hands.

"That's a mistake," said Sir William, "for I can sell it at double the price I demand."

"How can that be?" says the alderman, "for it is like no one but me."

"True," replied Sir William, "but I will draw a tail to it and then it will be a capital monkey."

The alderman at once paid down the money demanded and carried off the picture.

Automobile Artillery.

Efforts are being made by the powers toward the adaptation of the automobile to the transportation of field artillery. It has been pointed out that the idea of a self-moving gun carriage for field guns was suggested as early as the year 1769 by the engineer, Cugnot. At present efforts are principally directed to the perfection of a form of automobile suitable to take the place of horses in drawing the artillery wagons. Many different forms of ironclad automobiles, carrying light guns, have already been invented and tested, with more or less success, but, it is said, the main problem is to adapt the automobile to the transportation of guns mounted, as at present, on their own carriages.

Nature's Sun Dial.

There is no need for clocks on the Aegean sea any day when the sun is shining. There nature does not vary, though the centuries pass. The natural time-marker is the largest sun dial in the world. Projecting into the blue waters of the sea is a large promontory which lifts its head 3,000 feet above the waves. As the sun swings round the pointed shadow of the mountain just touches one after the other of a number of small islands which are at exact distances apart and act as hour marks on the great dial.

MRS. MANGES ESCAPES OPERATION

How She Was Saved From Surgeon's Knife by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mogadore, Ohio.—"The first two years I was married I suffered so much from female troubles and bearing down pains that I could not stand on my feet long enough to do my work. The doctor said I would have to undergo an operation, but my husband wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound first. I took three bottles and it made me well and strong and I avoided a dreadful operation. I now have two fine healthy children, and I cannot say too much about what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me." — Mrs. LEE MANGES, R. F. D. 10, Mogadore, Ohio.

Why will women take chances with an operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

PITTSBURG EXPOSITION

Opens Aug. 27th
Closes Oct. 18th

Silver Jubilee—25th Anniversary

MUSIC BY THE WORLD'S BEST BANDS AND ORCHESTRAS

Four Concerts Daily
Afternoons and Evenings
3000 Free Seats

CINCINNATI SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Under Direction of Wassili Leps
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WALTER DAMROSCH AND THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
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Great Realistic Spectacular Production

"Sinking of the Titanic"

Real boats, wireless telegraph, icebergs, etc., with added features

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Showing Actual Operation

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Excursions on all railroads every week

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STAY AS LONG AS YOU PLEASE

STAR

Is the Place to go for the Best Entertainment

BIG FEATURE WEEK

Week of Sept. 29th to Oct. 4th

TODAY

"Wartime Mother's Sacrifice" a 2 reel Broncho. "Pat gets on the Trail" by Lux company.

WEDNESDAY

"Mission Bells," by American. "Rosita's Cross of Gold," a touching drama by Reliance and the Keystone laugh. "Prof. Bean's Removal."

THURSDAY

"Banzai" a 2 reel Kaybee production, Mutual Weekly No. 31 is one of our educating pictures all should see.

FRIDAY

"In the Nick of Time," an exciting 2 reel Thanhouser. Also "Single-handed Jim" by the American company, and a very interesting Reliance film, "LITTLE PIRATE."

SATURDAY

Prosposal by Proxy,"

Is a picture that all, especially the young folks should see. Something new. Also, "Told in the Future" and "Doctor's Dilemma," by the Reliance company and "The Massacre," 2 Reel, 10 cents.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment to Article Three, Section Seven.

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or impairing of liens:

"Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts:

"Changing the names of persons or places:

"Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases:

"Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys:

"Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

"Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys:

"Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State:

"Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children:

"Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines:

"Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters:

"For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

"Granting divorces:

"Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits, or school districts:

"Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

"Changing the law of descent or succession:

"Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

"Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables:

"Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes:

"Fixing the rate of interest:

"Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

"Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury:

"Exempting property from taxation:

"Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing, but the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the State, or by any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village, or other civil division of the State, or by any contractor or sub-contractor performing work, labor or service for the State, or for any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village or other civil division thereof:

"Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof;

"Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track:

"Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed:

"Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for."—so as to read as follows:—

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens:

Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts:

Changing the names of persons or places:

Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases:

Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys:

Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys;

Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State;

Authorizing the adoption, or legitimation of children:

Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties or changing county lines:

Incorporating cities, towns or villages, by changing their charters:

For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

Granting divorces:

Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits, or school districts:

Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

Changing the law of descent or succession:

Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables:

Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes:

Fixing the rate of interest:

Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury:

Exempting property from taxation:

Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing, but the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the State, or by any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village, or other civil division of the State, or by any contractor or sub-contractor performing work, labor or service for the State, or for any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village or other civil division thereof:

Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof;

Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track:

Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed:

Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section three of article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows: "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for the county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year.

A true copy of Concurrent Resolution No. 3.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and [illegible] of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Article IX

Section [illegible] corporations which have been heretofore [illegible], or which may hereafter be [illegible] by any county or municipality in Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of [illegible] subways, underground railways, or elevated railways, or [illegible] shall be considered [illegible] property, without [illegible] right of article [illegible] Constitution of Pennsylvania [illegible] revenue [illegible] for a period [illegible] after the same is constructed by the county or municipality, after [illegible] thereof shall have been [illegible] interest and sinking fund [illegible] said period upon said [illegible] the said obligations shall be levied by taxes upon the respective properties and shall impose no municipal liability. Where municipalities or counties shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year, and said municipalities and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year. Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum, and not exceeding ten per centum, of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WE WIN BY FOREIGN BLOOD

So Says Ex-Oxford Athlete Who Wants England to Copy the Plan of Sweden.

W. Beach Thomas, an Oxford graduate and former athlete, in reviewing the Olympic games in the Daily Mail says: "One can understand American supremacy. The winners are mostly Englishmen, Scotchmen, or above all, Irishmen, at one remove from the old country. One conspicuous victory was won by an ex-Swede.

"A vast population, recruited by the best red blood, as the Americans boast, from virile Europe, a population specialistically devoted to the narrowest form of athletics and possessed almost of a mania for competition, is likely to produce a fine team. It did produce an incomparable team. The inclusion of Indians, Hawaiians and one Anglo-Russian further added to the total of marks.

"The Swedes are a better standard of comparison. Their athletes are a delight to the eyes. They were none of them specialists, but were all gymnasts in a wide sense, as well as athletes in a wide sense. The nation has used the Olympic games as a test of the physical training in which the whole nation has been brought up. By a quiet, methodical and really national movement they have vastly increased the nation's virility. The people at large can drill, row, swim, run, throw and play.

"The question for England is whether we cannot direct our national talent for athletics so that our teams may at least have some esprit du corps, in which the defeated Olympic team was grievously deficient, and so that athletic skill with a chance of representing the nation may become a really healthy ambition among the rich and poor in town and village. Such an ideal is realized already in Sweden, Denmark and Finland, and is being discussed in France and Germany."

Brazil's Valuable Water Power.

Fortunately for Brazil, without any coal of much value, there is water power to be found in almost every state in the republic, and the large power plants already installed for some years have been obliged to increase their voltage to meet the growing demands for light and power.

No Cause for Alarm.

"I thought I told you not to eat any porterhouse steak without my permission." "So you did, doc; so you did." "Then why are you disobeying my order?" "This won't delay the paying of your bill, doc! this steak is being paid for by my friend here."

Outside of the Ordinary.

A smart Philadelphia woman has studied law successfully, to avoid legal expenses. But most people who have legal expenses are too busy doing the things that cause them to study such law.—Topeka Journal.

Judging by the Sound.

Asked to explain the meaning of vis a-vis, a boy at Elm House school, Surbiton, wrote: "Vis-a-vis means the stuff that comes out of a champain bottle before the champain itself."—London Mail.

Silenced the Tourist.

"Have you resided long in this town?" asked a tourist of the oldest inhabitant. "Yes," he replied, "a long time. D'ye see that mountain over yonder? Well, that was there when I came here." The tourist traveled on.

Too Transparent a Boast.

When a man pretends that he doesn't care what the papers say about him it is a sign that they are not giving him much praise.

LAST OF A RACE OF KINGS

Michael, Prince of Cyprus, Jerusalem and Syria, Died Recently In Charity Hospital.

In the charity ward of a hospital in St. Petersburg there died of cancer a few days ago the last of a dynasty of famous kings. This pauper was Michael, prince of Cyprus, Jerusalem and Syria, aged fifty-four. With him perished the family of Lusignan, which had been reigning monarchs for many centuries.

Prince Michael was the only son of Louis de Lusignan, who was driven from the throne of Cyprus by the Turks in 1821. He had intrusted his vast treasures to the Patriarch of Constantinople, but the Turks confiscated these and appropriated them to their own use. In the war for the liberation of Greece the prince tried to regain his throne, but in 1827 he had to flee to Russia, where Czar Nicholas gave him a commission as captain in the army.

Prince Louis fought in the Crimean war, but the result of this was disastrous to his hopes. When Greece regained its independence the throne of the newly created nation was twice offered to Prince Louis, who refused it.

Napoleon III. took up Prince Louis' cause and Count Debussy made a formal contract to supply him with the necessary means. He expected to wring from the Turkish government about $250,000,000. But the Franco-Prussian war resulted in Napoleon III. being driven from the throne of France and once more the hopes of Prince Louis to regain the throne of Cyprus, Jerusalem and Syria were dashed to the ground.

In 1884 Prince Louis died, leaving his only son nothing but aspirations and a royal name. Prince Michael was then 24 years old. He lived almost as a recluse, but never gave up his hopes. Those who knew him considered him a crank because of the strange costume he always wore. This consisted of a Russian army overcoat with gold buttons on which were the three crowns of his kingdom.

MONOLITHS FOUND IN EGYPT

Some Are Enormous but the Majority of Them Are of Moderate Size.

The monoliths of Egypt were as a rule of comparatively moderate size, and most of the building blocks were such as would generally be used today, but the pillars of the temple of the Sphinx are 16 feet in height by 4½ feet in width, and some others are 20 to 26 feet in height.

Most of the great columns, says the National magazine, are built up in courses, and those of Luxor are not solid, two-thirds of the diameter being filled in with a yellow concrete or cement which has now lost its adhesiveness. These, however, are of immense proportions, with shafts of 49 feet, capitals of 11½ feet and a diameter at the base of 11¼ feet.

At Karnak the columns of the main hall measure 55 feet in the shaft with lotus flower capitals of 10 feet additional; their largest diameter is 11 feet 8 inches. Other temples were supported by columns scarcely less lofty and impressive. Upon these columns immense blocks of hewn stone formed massive architraves, on which the thick flagging of the stone roofs was supported.

The arch, while not unknown to the Egyptians, was for some reason seldom used in the great temples. By what means these immense pillars were carried up and the superstructure added is something of a puzzle to modern artisans who appreciate the difficulties to be met.

World's Oldest Museum.

The oldest museum in the world may be found in the city of Nara, the former capital of Japan. Since its foundation, in 756, it has gone through all the changes of the Japanese empire without one single addition to its collection. Dr. Otto Kummel is one of the few Europeans who were permitted to visit this museum. It opens its doors but once a year, on a day in spring, when a special committee inspect the collection, and a new list is made out. The museum contains about 3,000 articles, which are said to be the most beautiful specimens of decorative work which have ever been produced by human hand, such as lacquer ware, decorative furniture, enamel ware, cambric-like fabric, etc. The origin of the majority of the articles is uncertain; some came from China and others from Korea, but most of them appear to be of a more exotic origin. All, however, came of a year prior to the year 756.

Queen's Apt Rebuke.

Queen Victoria, who hated unpunctuality, once administered an apt rebuke to a certain mistress of the robes:

A day and an hour had been appointed for a certain public ceremony in which the queen had to take part. The hour had arrived, and of all the court the duchess alone was absent, and her absence retarded the departure. The queen gave vent more than once to her impatience, and at length, just as she was about to enter her carriage without her first lady of honor, the duchess, in breathless haste, made her appearance, stammering some faint words of excuse. "My dear duchess," said the queen smiling, "I think you must have a bad watch." And as she spoke she unloosed from her neck the chain of a magnificent watch which she herself wore, and passed it round the neck of the offender.

GREAT IS THE BUCKWHEAT!

Only Pumpkin Pie May Be Likened to the Tasteful Cereal Cakes, Says Rhapsodist.

This modest flowering plant makes but a poor showing in our annual crop returns—some 10,000,000 bushels, perhaps. As a grain it figures insignificantly, outside of New York and Pennsylvania. But it is to be noted that the honey bee is aware of its peculiar virtue, preferring alone the white clover to the buckwheat blossoms. Farmers who keep bee hives know this and plant patches of the grain.

Wise as the bee is the man who awaits the honey from the hive, the flour from the buckwheat; then follows the griddle cake.

Its time is at hand. It goes with sausage or Philadelphia scrapple. There are such distinct American products that one reads with keen sympathy in the latest life of the expatriated genius, Whistler, how he was so devoted to buckwheat cakes that "he insisted almost at the price of friendship that others share his enthusiasm." How could others be expected to do so born outside the buckwheat belt? Wretched, homesick artist.

Other countries are blessed with special foods, from the caviare of Russia to the macaroni of Italy, but they are beyond the pale, pitiably ignorant of what they miss and of what we are about to enjoy. In America there is nothing sectional about the buckwheat cake; it springeth up as a lowly flower, and, in the common taste for it, is to be likened only to the unpretentious pumpkin pie.—Philadelphia Press.

Interesting Facts About Oysters.

An oyster is wonderfully prolific. A single oyster in a single season will produce 30,000,000 eggs. If these all survive and in turn had normal families, in a few years many great bodies of water, such as Long Island Sound, Peconic, Gardners, Narragansett, Great South and Chesapeake bays would become filled up. Navigation would have to be suspended.

The oyster shells would form solid land, as do the houses of the coral insects of the South Pacific. But instead of increasing, the destruction of the young oysters by their enemies is so great, together with the depletion of the natural beds by the demand for this delicious food by mankind, that far from increasing, in past years the supply was greatly depleted. In many cases it has threatened to become extinct. This was especially true in Great Britain and some places on the Atlantic coast.

In recent years, however, a vast industry has been established for the artificial propagation and cultivation of oysters. Now hundreds of thousands of acres are employed in oyster farming in the great bays and sounds of the Atlantic seaboard. Here oyster farming under from 30 to 60 feet of water is conducted upon an enormous scale, at great expense and labor.

Winning the Greatest Things.

It is flattering to our lower natures to be envied. But for the esteem that is worth having, one kindly action, one tender, considerate word, will do more than the fullest measure of glittering success. Hustling, pushing, grabbing, will win many rewards according to their desert; the nature of the reward meets the nature of the effort. But they will not win affection, they will not win tenderness and love.—Exchange.

Infants Demand "Ragtime."

A song writer says ragtime is as legitimate music as the lullaby. "The ragtime," he says, "marks the passing of the old-fashioned mother who lullabied the baby into dreamland. Today the infant is 'ragged' to sleep, and, according to the statement of an experienced nursery maid, they will not close an eye unless this particular kind of music is hummed while they are being rocked."

Extra! Special!!!

Ambrose Crosslots says: "Fellers are funny. Some of them go around with their hands in their pockets, and others wear diamond rings."—Judge.

Porto Rico's Advancement.

Porto Rico, until recently benighted, lax and lethargic, whose trade was of little importance to the world, has risen until it stands twelfth among the countries of the globe as a customer of the United States. Last year the island purchased from this country over $37,000,000 worth of products. The islanders cannot supply the demand made upon them for coffee, tobacco and other products, and are prospering generally.

Don't Pay Your Bills

with cash which you carry around in your pocket or keep in a common drawer in your shop, but deposit your money with this bank and pay it out by check. Then you will have a receipt for all your expenditures and an account of what you are doing—and there will be no danger of loss from fire, theft or other misfortune.

Investigate our methods of handling your checking account

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Manicuring, Shampooing, Hair Dressing and Weaving, Face and Scalp Massaging, Chiropody

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Call 115-L Bell Phone, or at Woodward's Store, Charleroi, Pa.

The best place to buy bread, pies and cakes of all kinds is at

CALISTRI'S

Dealers in Ice Cream

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester S Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

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MRS. FLORA M. S. KING

of Pittsburg, E. E.

Breath Control, Breadth, Volume, Resonance, through Body Control, Diction and Style. Pupils prepared for Church and Concert.

WANTED TO BUY MILK

Any dairyman or farmer having milk to sell can find a buyer at T. Campana Milk Depot, 373 Schoonmaker avenue, Monessen, Pa. Call Bell Phone 227-R. 0-9p

T. U. Kinder

Cut Flowers and Designs

BELL PHONE.

All General (both sex) Diseases Treated. Men's Diseases and WEAKNESS and Catarrh a Specialty. Many cured at Home. One personal visit advisable. Business Confidential. Hours, Daily and Sunday, 9 to 8. Medicine furnished. Consultation free. Call German-American Doctors, 366 Donner Avenue, Monessen.

RIVA'S

Will show you the new things for fall, in stylish and reliable Men's, Ladies' and Children's Clothing and Shoes.

Increase your satisfaction by shopping at

RIVA'S

Pictorial Review Patterns and Publications

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Comfortable Underwear For Fall and Winter Needs

MENTOR

Comfort Underwear

COZY UNDERWEAR adds much to the contentment of people in all walks of life. The body must be protected from the chill of early Fall days and the rigors of Winter as well. The different occupations and the different temperaments of the individual require garments of various weights and textures.

Some require a garment of the finest combed cotton, others need the heavier warmer wool, while others demand the combining of wool and silk to take away the harshness and give the proper warmth.

We have carefully selected for your requirements garments of Cotton, Merino (Wool and Cotton mixed), and Silk and Wool. These materials are carried in two-piece garments and union suits. They can be had in all the varying styles as to high neck and long sleeve, low neck and short sleeve, ankle length, knee length, etc.

MENTOR UNDERWEAR

Many seasons of use have demonstrated the worth of this pupular make of underwear. The finest combed cottons and the best spun wools are none too good for the manufacture of these garments. The mother that has worn Mentor garments will be pleased to know that she can get the same quality garment for her child. Mentors come in two-piece and union suits. They are priced at 50c and 60c in cotton, $1.00 and $1.25 in wool, for the separate garments and $1.00 and $1.25 for cotton, $1.50 and $2.50 in wool for Union Suits.

ATHENA UNDERWEAR

Athena is the name of a special tailored underwear for ladies—made to fit and for service. We carry this brand in separate garments and unions. The materials are Merino and Silk and Wool. Athena in the Merino quality, separate garments retails at $1 and $1.50. Merino quality in Unions retail at $2, $2.50, $3 and $3.50.

Athena in silk and wool separate garments—$1.50 and $1.75. Unions in silk and wool retail at $3.00 and $3.50 Athenas come in all the different styles as to sleeve length etc.

IL FALCO UNDERWEAR

The finest combed yarns of pure white cotton are used to make Il Falco underwear the peer of all cotton underwear. It comes in white only, is made in separate garments and union suits and is a distinctive garment for ladies. Pure, soft, shapely fitting these garments always set snug and are agreeable to the touch. Il Falco garments in regular and outsize all sell at the same price. Il Falco separate garments retail at 50c each. Il Falco union suits retail at $1.00 the garment.

UNDERWEAR FOR EVERYBODY

The underwear wants of a man, woman and child can be supplied at our store. For the men we carry at all times a complete line of separate garments, and union suits. Medium weight, heavy fleeced, cotton and wool mixed, and all wool garments in all sizes are procurable in our men's clothing department.

We have a complete line of cotton bands, wool bands and vests for the infant. The small children, the misses and the boys can all be supplied with perfect fitting health underwear.

LET US FILL YOUR UNDERWEAR NEEDS

J. W. Berryman & Son,

Charleroi's Leading Store

Vaudeville

Commences at The

PALACE THEATRE

Thursday, Oct. 2

and the management will offer higher class vaudeville than ever before, all acts being reviewed at the Harris and Victoria theatres of Pittsburg, before appearing at the PALACE

Surprise for Mother.

A Chicago school teacher tells with great gusto of the shrewd little "colored brother" who once arrived at school provided with a most unusual excuse for tardiness. "I couldn't help bein' late, please, teacher," he bubbled, thrilly. "Somepin happened to us las' night. My maw, she went ter bed wit' a headache, and when she wakes up dis mornin', dere's two little quins (twins) one on each side ob her, and —she don' know nuffin 'bout 'em tell she wake up. An' my maw, she so s'prised, she caint get up ter get me ready for school!"

A MERCILESS JUDGE

One Who Shows No Favor.

A merciless judge is Father Time. Before him the weak and the wanting go to the wall. Only the truth can stand. For years the following statement from a Charleroi resident has withstood this sternest of all tests.

Mrs. Charles Bromwich, 714 Washington avenue, Charleroi, Pa., says: "About two years ago I had a severe attack of kidney disease and suffered a great deal from pains in the small of my back. I also had headaches and a feeling of languor and although I tried a number of remedies, I was not helped. Doan's Kidney Pills were finally recommended to me and deciding to try them, I got a box at Pipe Bros.' Drug Store. In a few days after using this remedy, I felt a great deal better and before long was completely cured. I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as highly today as when I gave a public statement for them two years agoo. The cure has been permanent.'"

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

POLICE DEPARTMENT TO BREAK UP LOAFING

Burgess Reamer and the police department of Montessen are determined to break up the existing practice of loafing at the P. & L. E. railroad station at that place and to this end several arrests have been made. Monday morning two young men, Hal Gleason and E. Delbaugh were before the burgess charged with being a nuisance. They were fined $5 and costs.

ANNUAL REUNION AT TAYLOR'S CHURCH

Beallsville, Pa., Sept. 30—The annual reunion of the former teachers and pupils of the Taylors Methodist Episcopal church was held Monday with about 500 present. At the noon hour a big dinner was served by the ladies of the church.

The morning session opened at 10 o'clock when the regular Sunday school work was taken up. The address of welcome was by C. O. Taylor of Centerville and the response by George Watkins of Centerville.

At the afternoon session Attorney Boyd Crumrine of Washington, was a leading speaker. John Woodfill, the first secretary of the Sunday school also made an address. Mrs. Rachel Hill of Monongahela, Edward Murray of Newell, 'Squire Baker of California, Mrs. Mary Noss of the California Normal, Frank Craven of California and W. A. Britton of West Brownsville spoke as did the Rev. James H. Miller of Pittsburg, district superintendent.

The Taylor church is regarded as the oldest Methodist Episcopal church west of the Allegheny mountains. Bishop Asbury preached there in 1790.

Weber's.

Winter dances open next Thursday October 2 and every two weeks following; Hayden's hall Finleyville. 67-t2

Read the Mail

SOCIETY AND PERSONAL

Dr. J. R. Crowthers is in Pittsburg on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Arrison are visiting in Carmichaels.

Rev. G. W. Hurlbut left for his home in San Marcos, Tex., after visiting friends and relatives in Charleroi.

Ray Kent visited friends in Donora Sunday.

P. Murray of Donora visited friends in Charleroi Monday.

Mrs. H. Lung of Monongahela visited friends in Charleroi recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wingenoth of Eie are visiting at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs.W. C. Richey.

Miss Georgia Parsons is visiting friends and relatives in Charleroi.

Miss Katherine Minor left this morning for Barberton, O. where she will visit friends. She was accompanied to Pittsburg by Mrs. J. F. Laird.

Mrs. H. H. Hill is spending the day in Pittsburg.

Lloyd Bowers is spending the day in Pittsburg.

H. Teitelbaum is in New York on a business trip.

Miss Stella McDowell visited friends in Belle Vernon last evening.

MINERS HELD MEETING AT FAYETTE CITY

With a good attendance and under favorable auspices a rousing meeting of the miners of Fayette City and the surrounding towns was held at that place Monday night. The meeting was simply a labor gathering and several excellent addresses were made by men well known in the mining circles. Van Bittner, president of Distruct No. 5 U. M. W. of A., was in attendance and gave the miners a good talk as were also Hon. William Feeney of Charleroi and National Bard Member John O'Leary. All spoke interestingly and in a manner that was both enlightening and pleasing to the knights of labor.

The bi-ennial wage agreement is attracting the attention of the miners at this time and this came in for a share of the discussion at the meeting Monday night. Thescale is to be drawn up at the annual convention of District No. 5 to beheld in Pittsburg in January and goes into effect on April 1st. It is understood there will be some changes in the scale and this of course calls for attention at the hands of the miners.

Hon. William Feeney of Charleroi just returned from the Harwick coal field where the labor organizers have been devoting much time to the work of organizing that field. The efforts of the representatives of organized labor have been very successful and the union officials are elated at the results.

Mr. Feeney in conversation with a representative of this paper told of the assault on Organizer Alex. Kirkpatrick on Sunday and stated that it was one of the most dastardly and uncalled for attacks that ever came to his notice. The well known labor leader grew indignant in his explanation of the attack. He stated that Organizer Kilpatrick was walking along the road at Harwick with a number of his colleagues and had stopped to light his pipe when several men rushed out from ambush and brutally assaulted him with "black jacks" and finally was shot in the head. Mr. Feeney states that organized labor is greatly wrought up over the incident, as they claim the attack was due to the efforts of Mr. Kilpatrick and his friends in organizing the non-union field.

LARGE ESTATE LEFT BY SUPT. BAYARD

Ephraim Bayard late of Donora left a valuable personal estate. He held securities to the amount of $79,166.32. This includes $2,980.68 in Exchange National Bank, Pittsburg, small deposits in Cleveland Trust Co., First National Bank, Donora, and Bank of Donora; $878.79 in Union Trust Co., Donora; $1,959.00, realized from book account with George W. Eberhardt; $48,548.00, being 548 shares of United States Steel Corporation; preferred; $1,682.00, being 29 shares of United States Steel Corporation, common; $4,750, being 50 shares of Atchison, Topeka & Sata Fe Ry. Co., common; $1,255.00, being 10 shares of Great Northern Railway Co., preferred; $15,500.00, being 150 shares of Southern Pacific; $1,500 being 10 shares of Fort Pitt Hotel Co. stock, and mining stocks not of much value. His household goods are appraised at $154.75. Mr. Bayard left a wife and one son.

READ OUR WANT ADS

WILLS FILED OF INTEREST HER

The personal estate of Bennett Crouch, late of Bentleyville, has been appraised at $6,154.34. The greater part of the personal estate is money in the bank.

The will of Elizabeth Lockhart, late of Monongahela, has been probated and letters issued to William Lockhart. She makes several bequests. The deacons and trustees of the First Presbytrian church of Monongahela are given $200; the Woman' Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian church of the United States is given $200; the Woman Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian church of the United States, $200; Memorial hospital of Monongahela, $200. She gives Mary Estep, Martha Patten, Elizabeth Patten, Sarah Bell Patten, Maggie Boggs and Morton Black, each $30. The balance of the estate is given her nephew, William E. Lockhart.

DIED AS RESULT OF HER INJURIES

As the result of fright and erysipelas developing from fingernail scratches about the face, sustained in an attempted robbery at her home in McDonald last Tuesday morning, Miss Melanie Verdillant, a well known resident of that place, died Sunday evening. Entrance to the Verdillant home was made at about 2 o'clock Tuesday morning, through a back window leading into the kitchen.

Fuller's Earth.

Fuller's earth, so named from its earliest use in fulling wool, is a rather rare, soft, friable rock whose value depends altogether on its texture and its filtering and absorbent properties. It has no definite composition, mineralogically, its physical properties rather than a chemical analysis determining its commercial value. Fuller's earth was first produced in the United States in the early nineties.

Birds and Cyclones.

It has been suggested that birds habitually make use of storms in traveling from one part of their range to another. It is pointed out that if a bird cannot find shelter it must be more comfortable on the wing than on the ground during a storm, because in the fiercest gale it flies in a moving medium, like a swimmer in a strongly flowing river.—Harper's Weekly.

Giving Away the Secret.

Willing to have his neighbors think he was a fine musician, Brown installed a mechanical piano near a front window of his home, where he spent hours each day pedaling out melodies. "Your father is a great piano player, isn't he?" one of the neighbors remarked to Brown's boy William one afternoon. "Yep," replied William, "but it makes his feet awful sore."

Spain Slow to Change.

In Spain, for the most part, washing is done in the old fashioned way, with cold water in large earthen tubs, generally in little wash houses on the flat Oriental roofs. Local custom is exceedingly hard to change, and the cheapness of labor obviates the use of modern machinery and time and labor saving devices.

Soldiers Guard Bank of England.

Ever since the Gordon riots of 178 the Bank of England has had military protection. The military watch is set every night. At five o'clock it marches with bayonets fixed from the headquarters of whichever guard's regiment has the duty for the week.

Carlyle's Idea of Love.

Love is not altogether a delirium yet it has many points in common therewith. I call it rather a discerning of the infinite in the finite—of the ideal made real.—Carlyle.

Took Practical Meaning.

"What does it mean to cast your bread upon the waters?" asked the Sunday school teacher. "It means that the fishes has to be fed," replied small Sadie.

Beginning All Over Again.

"Here's where I receive some registered male," said the college widow as she heard the freshman's step on the porch.—Stanford Chaparral.

At Times.

Ted—"Do you believe that woman should hold the reins?" Ned—"It is all right when you have the girl out in a sleigh."—Judge.

Plain Proof.

Bessie—"What makes you think that he married for money?" Jessie—"I have seen the bride."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Hospitable.

"Well, did New York appeal to you?" "Yes. It was 'welcome' when I came, and 'well done' when I went."—Cornell Widow.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE CHARLEROI MAIL

VOL. XIV. NO. 67 — CHARLEROI, WASHINGTON CO., PA., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1913 — ONE CENT

GRAHAM ADMITS THAT HE STRUCK FOREIGNER

Autoist Changes His Mind And Tells About Accident

SAYS MAN WAS PUSHED

Car was Going Slowly When Victim Fell Down in Front of it--Investigation Later

After denying all connections with the accident Sunday evening which may result in the death of Louis Tocchnai, a foreigner of Baird station who was struck by an automobile and sustained a fractured skull, Justice of the Peace E. T. Graham of Gallatin, now admits that it was his car that struck the man, though he states that he was in no way to blame for the accident.

Tocernai together with a number of other foreigners was walking along the brick road between Donora and Monongahela when an automobile bore down upon them. The statements of the foreigners are to the effect that the car was going at a high speed and that the driver ran them down. After striking Tocernai the driver hurriedly cranked his machine and made his escape, but not until after one of their number had taken his license number. This was later investigated and led to Mr Graham's discovery.

When first seen about the case Mr. Graham denied all knowledge of the accident, stated his car was not in that vicinity on Sunday and that the foreigners were not telling the truth.

Monday, however, an investagation of the facts resulted in Justice Graham admitting that it was his car, but stating that he was not to blame.

According to his story the car was going at a speed of about 15 to 20 miles an hour when they approached the party of pedestrians. Mr. Graham states that all got out of the way except two who stood in the road and wretled. Just as the car reached them he claims one pushed the other and he fell directly under the car.

The machine was stopped but Mrs. Graham feared one of the foreigners would shoot and urged him to escape, which he did.

This is the story as told by Mr. Graham but the two versions differ so completely that a rigid investigation will be found necessary.

The injured man is suffering with a serious fracture of the skull and reports from the South Side hospital today, to which institution he was removed immediately after the accident, are to the effect that his condition remains unchanged. His chances for recovery are slight.

This is the second serious accident that has occurred to Justice Graham within a year. Last summer a little foreigner by the name of Joe Doctor was a victim of his car. The boy had been riding on the back of a wagon and jumped off only to step in front of the Graham car. He was knocked down and his skull factured, death following in a few days. At that time Mr. Graham was arrested and charged with manslaughter, but was later exonerated by the coroner's jury.

CONFERENCE ON STATE'S INSANE

Gov. John K. Tener will attend the conference of heads of the State Insane Hospitals and charitable work [illegible] tution, Wednesday.

The conferencewill be for discussion of methods of treating as well as maintaining the insane and the heads of the new hospitals at Fairview and Rittersville will present their reports.

The governor expects important results from the interchange of views and will make some inquiries at first hand. It will be his first visit to the Fairview institution.

Cable Now Under Way

Bell Telephone Company Hope to Complete it By Dec. 1.

The Bell Telephone company which is making an improvement to the service between this place and Monongahela, is preceding rapidly with the work and hope to complete it by December 1. A large number of linemen has been at work for several weeks constructing a messenger cable preparatory to installing an additional 100 wire trunk cable. The messenger cable has been finished and on Monday the work on constructing the heavy trunk cable was started.

When this is completed it will mean fifty new sets of wires between the two towns and the company stated that it will improve the service to a great extent, through the fact that the traffic between the two towns is so heavy at this time that the present number of wires is inadequate. Snubscribers await the additional service expectantly.

GOOD ROADS MEETING MONONGAHELA TONIGHT

This evening at 8 o'clock an open good roads meeting under the auspices of the Pennsylvania Motor Federation will be held in the First National Bank Hall in Monongahela. The principal speaker of the evening will be George F. Ladd, past master of the Massachusetts State Grange and who is also a member of the executive committee of the National Grange.

Mr. Ladd will give an interesting talk in the interest of good roads. The Monongahela Automobile club has made extensive arrangements for this meeting and has extended an invitation to all grangers and automobile owners to be present and hear this issue thoroughly discussed. It is the hope of the promoters of this meeting that members of the grange from all thesurrounding country will atted. Charleroi will contribute a goodly number for the meeting.

Thomas Mosier of Akron, Ohio, is visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mosier.

FUNDS NEEDED FOR CHARITABLE WORK

Local Board Has Many Dependants for Coming Year and Must Seek Financial Aid Soon

The Associated Board of Charities which has done so much to alleviate suffering and want in this community in the past several years is in need of funds to carry on its work and at a meeting held recently plans were discussed for the raising of more money. At a meeting the regular routine business was transacted bills were paid and many reports of deserving persons were heard

At the present time there are from 15 to 20 worthy wives in the town who are in need of help and who will be dependent during the coming winter and unles help is forthcoming it will be necessary to turn these children over to the county to maintain. It has been the object of the association for a number of years to take care of these children and by giving them aid to make it possible for them to remain at home, to enjoy a mother's love and to be surlife.

A parual budget for the winter season showed that at least $500 will be necessary to carry on the work and this is the amount the association desires to raise.

A committee is now at work devising ways and means to raise this money and all are invited and urged to assist in the good work. The Associated Board of Charities has been a source of pride to Charleroi for several years and is is expected that the desired amount will be forthcoming.

NUMBER OF PLEADERS BEFORE THE COURT

Several Cases of Desertion Heard as Well as Crimes Against Morality--One Plea of Guilty to Larceny

There were anumber of prisoners before the court Monday to enter pleas of guilty without waiting for the grand jury. Among the number was William Shunk of Monongahela, an old offender, whi is as well konwn about the jail and court house as the sheriff.

Shunk attributed his trouble to the refusal of his daughter, Mrs. Kate Dishart, to get him anything to eat. Mrs. Dishart has been living at her father's home, her husband, Philip Dishart, being in jail on a desertion and non-support charge Shunk admitted he had had a few drinks the day the trouble occurred He and the daughter had some words and it was alleged the father assaulted her. Shunk said he probably did slap her for he was very angry. He was directed to pay the costs, fine of $1 and to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for 30 days.

David Baxier's case was held over pending some investigation. He is a colored man and lives at Webster. He works at the blacksmith trade and also assists in threshing. It was charged he had taken a horse belonging to George Shroeder, of Donora and have abused the animal. Baxier admitted having had the horse, but claimed he found it on the street and having shod it and knowing whose it was had taken it and put it in a stable. He denied abusing the animal. Baxier told a very good story and the court thought it best to further investigate the case and see if the young man was telling the truth.

Lewis Wilson of Washington charged with desertion and nor-support was sentenced to pay the costs and support his family.

Walter Burt of Washington charged with a crime against morality was fined $25 and in default was sent to jail for 60 days.

Lane McCartney of McConnells Mills entered a plea of larceny of some money and was fined $1 and costs and five months in jail.

For a crime against morality Cecil Baker of Washington drew a fine of $1 and costs and sixty days to jail.

SPECIAL SERVICES IN LOCAL CHURCH

Holy communion will be observed in the First Presbyterian church on next Sunday and special services preparatory to this occasion will be held on Wednesday and Thursday evenings. On Wednesday evening Rev. Hackett the pastor has arranged to have Rev. S. L. Johnson, of Maine, N Y., occupy the pulpit. Rev. Johnson is an exceptionally fine minister and his address is sure to be most inspiring. On Thursday evening Rev. Ramage, pastor of the Rehoboth church will deliver the sermon. Rev. Ramage is well known here and is always a favorite. On Sunday evening the choir has arranged a special song service which should attract a large congregation for evening worship.

INJUNCTION AGAINST SULPHUR WATER

Paul Terchek has asked for an injunction to stop John Talbot from running sulphur water across his property at Hackett, Peters township The plaintiff owns property on one side of the road and the defendant operates a coal bank on the other side. Water pumped from the coal mine is said to run through a pipe and then spread over the property of Terchek. It is averred the water does not follow a natural water course. A preliminary injuction was granted and argument will be heard October 1 at 10 o'clock.

W. H. Wallison of Clarksburg, W. Va., was a business caller in Charleroi Monday.

ROUSING MEETING AT COUNTY SEAT MONDAY

BODY THAT OF A FOREIGN MINER

The body that was found floating in the river at California on Saturday, has been identified as that of a foreigner named Louis Angerki, a miner, residing at California. The man is said to have been demented and last Monday wandered away from his home and has not been heard of since. It is supposed that he found his way to the river and unconsciously fell in. His body was removed to the Ghrist undertaking rooms at California and remained there until identified Monday afternoon. It was interred today at that place.

Dog Fell In Shaft

Canine Dropped 80 Feet But was None the Worse for Experience

A fall of 80 feet into the air shaft of a mine only to come out unhurt is the experience of a valuable hunting dog belonging to William Wainwright of Roscoe. On Sunday Mr. Wainwright together with several compaions went for a walk through the hills across the river from Roscoe Fido, a valuable hound belonging to Mr. Wainwright followed the party and in a short time picked up the trail of a rabbit. He followed it for some distance and unconsciously wandered too near the air shaft and fell in The men waited for some time and did not hear any sign of life and supposed the little animal was dead.

Upon returning in the course of an hour or so they stopped at the shaft and heard the dog barking. The owner supposed the dog to be badly hurt and determined to get to him and put him out of his misery. A long rope was secured and one of the party was lowered into the old workings. He fastened the rope around the dog and it was drawn to the surface. An examination failed to reveal any injury and when freed Fido immediately picked up the scent of the rabbit and away he scampered none the worse for the experience.

YOUNG PEOPLE MARRIED AT ST JEROME'S CHURCH

In the presence of a number of friends at St. Jerome church this morning at nine o'clock occurred the marriage of Marie Hilda Ritzer and Martin Joseph Hallinean. The ceremony was performed by the pastor Rev. Father Fries. The young couple was attended by Miss Marcella Ritzer, sister of the bride and Jacob Oravitz. Mr. Hallinean is employed at the Imperial Bottle factory and his bride is known to many of our readers. The happy young couple will make their home in Charleroi.

Mrs. W. H. Milliken is visiting in Pittsburg.

Miss Jessie Levy of Pittsburg is visiting friends in Charleroi.

Speakers of Note Discussed the Proposed Bond Issue

GEORGE LADD PRESENT

Nailed Statement That Farmers Would be Taxed to Pay for the Improvements.

A decidedly representative body of men gathered in Washington Monday night to hear the proposed fifty million dollar bond issue discussed. The meeting was an enthusiastic one and the project received great impetus through the straightforward explanations of Attorney Robert W. Irwin of Washington and George S. Ladd of Massachusetts. That the people are thinking deeply on the subject was shown by the queries directed to the speakers by members of the audience.

Dr Boyd Emery of Eighty Four asked a most pertinent question. He stated that the report was being circulated that the bond issue would cost the farmers a lot of money. Attorney Irwin answered his question and thanked him for calling attention to this important subject. The speaker stated that the cost of the bond issue will come wholly from the corporations. He stated that the farmer, unless he holds large shares in the public corporations, will not be called upon to pay a cent. Mr. Irwin stated that he did not believe that many of our farmers are largely interested in corporations and hence he felt sure that the cost would not fall upon at least the large majority of our farmers.

The meeting was characterized by the seeming interest of all in attendance and this speaks well for the road bond amendment. All that is needed is for theindividual voter to understand theproposition and there will be no reason for him to oppose him.

Both speakers talked in a clear comprehensive manner and put the facts up to their hearers in a straightforward manner that is sure to create a lasting impression.

This evening a good roads meeting will be held in Monongahela and once more Mr. Ladd will talk on thesubject as will also several other good advocates of the bond issue and improved roads. It is expected that delegations will bepresent from all along the valley. The meeting will be held in the First National Bank hall at that place at eight o'clock.

NEW EAGLE BOROUGH PROGRESSING FINE

The little borouh of New Eagle, on the outskirts of Monongahela israpidly shaping itself into a real live municipality. At the council meetng a few days ago, the supplies committee was authorized to purchase 15 small chemical fire extinguisheds, which will be distributed throughout the borough to be available in case of fire. An ordnance was also presented and passed on first reading authorizing a contract with the West Penn Electric company for 24 electric street lights of the 100 watt Tungston variety.

J. K. Tener, Pres. S. A. Walton, Vice Pres. R. H. Rush, Cashier.

TWO BASIS PRINCIPLES

THE NATIONAL BANK

Safety and satisfactory services are the principles upon which we have built our banking business. Increasing deposits give good evidence of public confidence in this carefully managed bank. Checking accounts are cordially invited.

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4 Per cent. Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

Depository for the State of Pennsylvania

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See Our Window Display

Mights Book Store

We Are Sure You Will

take as much delight in our assortment of Baby and Childrens Rings as we do. This dainty conceptions, just fit for the fairy hands of children, are [illegible]

Won't you make one?

Gold and silver rings, plain, etched or set with pearls, turqueises and other stones.

John B. Schafer

Manufacturing Jeweler

Both Phones — 515 McKean [illegible]

The Charleroi Mail

A Republican Newspaper

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Communications of public interest are always welcome, but as an evidence of good faith and not necessarily for publication, must invariably bear the author's signature.

TELEPHONES

Bell—76 Charleroi—76

Member of the Monongahela Valley Press Association

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DISPLAY—Fifteen cents per inch first insertion. Rates for large space contracts made known on application.

READING NOTICES—Such as business locals, notices of meetings resolutions of respect, card of thanks etc., 5 cents per line.

LEGAL NOTICES—Legal, official, and similar advertising including that in settlement of estates, public sales, live stock, estray notices, notices to teachers, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents a line each additional insertion.

LOCAL AGENCIES

G. S. Might .....Charleroi
C. F. Hixenbaugh .....Belle Vernon

AN APPEAL FOR FUNDS

The Associated Charities of Charleroi is in need of funds if it is to continue its excellent work through the winter that is to come and the appeal should not fall on deaf ears. This is a most worthy organization and the good that it has accomplished has spread far beyond the boundaries of Charleroi and is spoken of throughout the county and this section of the state.

At a recent meeting of the organization it was found that the treasury was exceedingly low. There has not been much money contributed within the year but the work of carrying for needy ones has gone on endlessly, with the result that the committee finds itself in a position where more funds must be forthcoming.

At present there are from 15 to 20 children that are in need of assistance and who will have to be taken care of the coming winter and if the treasury is not replenished they will have to be taken from their mothers and become wards of the county. These cases are practically all of children with widowed mothers who are unable to support them and to take them from their homes would be to defeat the primary cause of the Associated Charities.

A hastily prepared budget shows that at least $500 must be secured to continue the work and it is hoped and expected that this amount will be forthcoming in a short time. The excellent work that has been done heretofore should not be allowed to dwindle now when more funds are needed and it is urged that all come forward with their moral and financial assistance and help to keep these little offsprings at their mothers' sides surrounded by the uplifting environments of home life instead of the cold strange county institution.

Charleroi has never failed when money was necessary for such cases and it is expected that the sum needed will be secured without much trouble.

Always Reliable

Relief from the ailments caused by disordered stomach, torpid liver, irregular bowels is given—quickly, safely, and assuredly—by the tried and reliable

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ELECTRIC SPARKS

The Old Songs.

I'm fond of "Annie Laurie."
To hear it is a boon.
No one in that song declaries
That he's a Zulu coon.
—Washington Herald.

I love "Kathleen Mavourneen"
Whose chaste Carrara brow
Was never troubled by the cry,
"Here comes your daddy now"
—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"The Last Rose of Summer"
Charms me the same old way.
For no one in that song remarks:
"Then he to her did say"
—New York Evening Sun.

Annie indeed was bonny.
Kathleen and Rose were fine.
But there's a new girl gets my goat,
It's "That Old Girl of Mine"
—Washington Observer

When Nellie Was a Lady"
But between the lamp-post me and you
Sure My Coat Has Blue Eyes, Too.
Baby!

Happiness.

Do not pursue, exhaust or ignite
Happiness.
Many happiness wont a closed season for
Open season for orders. It is still open season for smiles and simple things.

* * *

The best sign that a man believes anything is not his repetition of its formulas but his implied reliance with sport.

* * *

By a decree of the court recently seven divorces are granted. This makes possible fourteen more marriages as many divorces and thus the good work continues.

PICKED UP IN PASSING

An amusing story is told at the expense of a bashful fellow who is in charge of a little two-by-four office near Charleroi. He is a genial whole-souled sort of a fellow who would stretch a point anytime to oblige a friend or a patron of the office.

Some few days ago a lady came into the office and asked if there was any mail and he said yes there is a lot here some place. He immediately instigated a search but after turning over everything in the store, disturbing the cat and arousing the ire of the village loafers, he faced the lady and in very embarrassed sort of a way said

"I can't find that blasted card any place, my wife must have given it to the baby, but anyhow your sister won't come on Tuesday her baby has the measles."

With a satisfied nod the woman left the office.

The obedient boy is a treasure, but in trying to be polite he sometimes slips up. The father of this lad had brought him up to be courteous to his elders on all occasions. Upon going to a distant school his father had told him to telegraph home "Yes" if he found everything satisfactory and had arrived safely. He did so, but the busy parent had forgotten the arrangement and being puzzled, telegraphed back "Yes what?" The answer came, "Yes sir."

MASTER'S REPORT HAS BEEN FILED

In the suit of James C. Pepper, et al., against Jennie Smallwood, et al., the master's report of distribution has been filed and approved nisi ten days. The costs of the audit were $224.19. Taxes were allowed to the amount of $12 69, making the total credits allowed, $236 88. The master finds that there are certain debts, not of record, unpaid of the decedent Hannah Holder, but that they are divested by the statute of limitation. Judgments will more than exhaust the proportionate interest of James C. Pepper and his interest is warded to Lewis and Joe B. Carson. The master further finds that Jennie Smallwood, Leona Wessell, Herman C. Lutes by his guardian, Charles C. Frye and Dorothy Williams, by her guardian, the Charleroi Savings & Trust Co., for a valuable consideration, have assigned their interest. The total assets derived from the sale of land amounted to $905. Deducting from this costs and taxes there is left for distribution the sum of $668.12.

Miss Rena Mosier was all over Sunday visitor in Uniontown.

DREAMS PROTECT OUR SLEEP

Reasonable Explanation of Events Which Have Been a Puzzle to the Minds of Students.

Dreams seem a mere play of imagination without any value—the more as every serious student has recognized that it is absurd to think that dreams have any prophetic character. But, in recent times, science has discovered the probable purpose of the dreams, and has found in this case again that nature does not give to us anything which is superfluous.

In the present view of science, dreams fulfill the purpose of protecting our sleep, and this end is reached by those apparently meaningless flights of the imagination. Most dreams start from some disturbance or excitement of our organism. Something may press on us, or touch us, or we may hear a sound, or we may have some digestive trouble, or we may be in an uncomfortable position and so on. Any such disturbance would excite the mind and would easily lead to a breaking up of the sleep which is necessary for us in order to be fresh for

The dream provides the solution. In creating a fantastic background for that disturbance by which the inner excitement becomes adapted to a whole situation in which it fits well, our efforts to remove it becomes sidetracked and the sleep can go on without interruption. We may have thrown on a blanket and feel cold. Our dream brings us to a snowy winter landscape in the midst of the cold winter day, where we begin to skate and all the coldness is then so natural and well adjusted to the whole illusory experience that our mind moves on without destroying the sleep.—From St. Nicholas.

Cleaning a Rusty Rifle.

It is an easy matter to clean a rusty rifle barrel but when the rust has pitted the metal to any depth, the accuracy of the rifle is destroyed. When the rust is very thick saturate the inside of the barrel with coal oil, and allow it to soak well in for an hour or more. When the rust has softened somewhat wrap some tow around the ramrod, and pour enough coal oil upon it to thoroughly moisten it, and push in a rotary manner through the barrel and back a dozen times. When the tow gets very dirty renew it and continue the process until the coarser portion of the rust has been removed. A round brush of stiff bristles is next fixed to the ram-rod, moistened thoroughly with the oil, and twisted into a barrel, running it back and forth at least a dozen times, thus loosening the dirt that has been more firmly attached to it. The first operation is now repeated, except that the tow on the ramrod is left dry, and the rubbing with this must be continued in all directions as long as it comes out soiled. The use of wire brushes is objectionable for cleaning guns, as the numerous steel points cut into the tube. Careful cleaning of the metal parts after use, and giving them a coat of petroleum or sweet oil when laid aside, will keep a rifle free from rust and ready for use at all times.

Why the Country Is Deserted.

There are all sorts of reasons given why we can no longer keep our young people in the country, and most of the all sorts of reasons are good, but there is one which is just beginning to be recognized which is most potent of all, and yet most insidious. In the teachers of the little children in the country do we find the danger; these teachers, knowing nothing really of rural life, instil the thought from the beginning, "Get an education so as to get away from this place into a big city where you can have a chance!" And now our slow-going government has at last recognized this danger and sends out this warning: "The tendency of the rural school to encourage emigration to the city is due to the fact that the course of study in most rural schools is merely a copy of that given to city school children, without reference to the different environment and local needs of the country child. As a result the authors declare that teachers everywhere, with rare exceptions, have idealized city life, and unwittingly have been potent factors in inducing young men and women to leave the farm and move into the city."—Universalist Leader.

Has Had Adventurous Life.

Dr. George Ernest Morrison, whose recent appointment as financial adviser to the president of China has aroused adverse comment in Germany, the Tagliche Rundschau terming him "an enemy of Germany," is widely known as a writer and venturous traveler. He has been the Peking correspondent of the London Times for a long time. He is a native of Australia, and was educated at Melbourne and the University of Edinburgh. During a journey through New Guinea in 1883 he was speared in the breast in an attack by natives, and it was not until the following year that the spearhead was cut out, the operation being performed at Lambom. His widely best-known book is "An Australian in China."

Too Much for Pop.

"Pop!"

"Yes, my son."

"They scuttle a house at the top don't they?"

"Yes, my boy."

"And they scuttle a boat at the bottom, do they not?"

"Why—yes."

"Well, where [illegible] start to scuttle a house?"

LETTER "CAME BACK"

AND THE QUESTION IS, WHERE HAD IT BEEN?

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett Would Like an Answer, If Any One Will Reason It to Her Complete Satisfaction.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett tells a true story which she calls "The Mystery of My Life." And truly it is a mystifying occurrence.

It was some time ago, while she was living in England. One night she and a friend were spending a quiet evening by the fire, chatting, reading. Mrs. Burnett's friend, be it understood, sat throughout the event in an armchair by the fire, and did not leave her place until all was over, so that, as in the case of conjurers, there could have been "no deception" on her part.

Mrs. Burnett went in the course of the evening to her desk and wrote a letter. She signed, folded, directed, sealed and stamped it, and stood it up against a silver cigarette box on the center table. Then she arose to go and sit by the fire again.

Presently, wishing the letter posted, she started to take steps toward having it mailed. She looked for it on the center table, and the letter was not there. She looked all over the [illegible] and looked again. She knew she had set the letter up against the silver cigarette box, but it was not there. No one had entered the room, no one had left it, her friend had sat motionless by the fire.

Mrs. Burnett said to herself: "I know—sometimes one's eyes are held. A thing may be staring one straight in the face and not be seen. It may seem to be masquerading as something else!" And she began systematically examining each object on the table separately, picking it up, naming it, and setting it down again, to make sure that it was itself and not the letter.

"Is this the letter? No, this is a Dresden china bonbon dish. Is this it? No, this is a brass candlestick, this is a magnifying glass, this is an ivory paper cutter, this is a carved wooden box, this is a rose jar, this is an ash receiver, and this, finally, is a silver cigarette box, and there is nothing else on the table, and there is neither hide nor hair of a letter to be seen!"

Completely at a loss, Mrs. Burnett strolled about the room to examine other possible surfaces where the letter might have been placed had it not emphatically and unmistakably been put upon the center table against the cigarette box. She searched on the mantelpiece, on her desk, on the piano, on the bookcase—no letter. In discouragement she turned again to the center table for another hunt. There stood the letter demurely leaning against the silver cigarette box, exactly as she had placed it.

And that such things are possible, and that they happen to such perfectly sane, clear eyed, level-headed and reliable people as Mrs. Burnett is perfectly credible. Have we not all had similar experiences? And if they were not possible, whence come the world-old beliefs in elementals, in mischievous sprites, in elves and brownies who play pranks upon us poor, dull mortals? Explain it how we may, that is what happened to Mrs. Burnett.

Orchids at Home.

Very few children think of growing orchids on the window sill, but these can really be raised at home with very little trouble. Of course, the flowers in bloom seldom cost less than a dollar a piece and very often more, but the plants are not so very expensive. All that you need is a soap box, covered with a piece of glass. Put the plants in this and place the box in a window where they can get plenty of sunlight. They won't require much attention besides watering, and this needn't be done often, as the glass top will keep the water from evaporating very rapidly. In winter, though, your little hothouse will have to be heated in some way. The easiest way to do this, if your house is lighted with electricity, is to run a wire into the box and heat it with an electric light.

More Athletics.

Governor Wilson at a luncheon at Spring Lake told, apropos of the abundant crops of 1912, a crop story.

"A country minister," he said, "met a farmer parishoner and asked: 'Is your son going back to college this fall?'

"'Yes, he is, doctor,' the farmer answered.

"'But he's got his degree,' said the minister. 'What's the matter? Doesn't he know enough to suit you?'

"'He knows enough book-learnin',' said the farmer, 'but from the way he's been helping with the harvestin' of the crops, I think he needs a few more athletics.'"

Making It Sure.

An aged merchant was very ill. He sent for the family lawyer. "I wish," began the sick man, as the lawyer stood by his bedside, eager to catch every word as it was uttered.

"Yes?" answered the lawyer, hastily scribbling.

"All my property and estate to go to my eldest daughter. I wish to die firm in the knowledge that the property is assured to her," continued the merchant, with eager excitement.

"Of course—of course!" fussed the attorney.

"Would it be asking too much," hesitatingly asked the dying man, "to suggest that you should marry her?"

MEN OF THE FIRST REPUBLIC

Type of the Soldiers With Whom the Great Napoleon Swept All Europe.

Another contribution to "Napoleoniana" is the collection of memoirs and letters of the army surgeon, Baron Desgnettes, who was with the Egyptian expedition. One day he found Eugene Beauharnais asleep in the sand in the desert of Ramanieh. "Wake up, Eugene, wake up! This repose does not suit either your name or profession. A man of war must be without rest and without pity." On another occasion Napoleon had condemned several of his pet Grenadiers to death for looting and murder. His reflections, made to Desgnettes, are worth quoting.

"My sentence on the Grenadiers of the Thirty-second regiment cost me dear, but I was obliged to do it. A commander-in-chief must have a tremendous power. How can you reasonably question the right of a man to whom the state sometimes entrusts the lives of a hundred thousand troops to punish such serious offenses as he deems fit? I convicted these. When I seized Antoine by the collar and said to him, 'Come, miserable wretch, and let me confront you with your accomplice,' he was confounded.

But what men!—fellows to win a battle by themselves! Perhaps the corporal has won some. You did not see how they died! Like Caesars, showing their affection for me. One of their comrades went to drink with them in prison and remarked: 'Perhaps there was some truth in the charge [illegible] Bonaparte would not have condemned you.' Be silent, was the answer, 'you do not know what you are saying.' He was deceived again as he often has been before, but no matter—let us drink to his health.' And when the time came for the execution, they marched steadily out and stood calmly before the firing party, saying: 'This is how the Grenadiers of the Thirty second die.' Afterward the officers came to see me, but I would not receive them, but fain! I pity those upon whom the Thirty second may fall on the first occasion that presents itself for them to wipe out the remembrance of all this."

Macaroni Fakes.

"They even fake macaroni," said a pure food man. "Nothing is cheaper than macaroni, thanks to which Italian bank clerks can live on $4 a week, but in this benighted, money-mad land of ours the food trust millionaires insist on faking it.

"But you can tell fake macaroni—it is perfectly straight. The real has bent ends for it has been dried in hairpin shape, slung over a rail, and, when it is broken for boxing, the bent ends show.

"The real macaroni is made of a semi-transparent wheat from southern Europe and Algeria, a hard wheat ever it ordinarily rich in gluten and other nitrogenous matter. Real macaroni is tender, yellowish, elastic, rough in texture. It boils without becoming sticky or losing its tubular shape.

"But the fake stuff made of cheap domestic wheat is very tender. Hence it must be dried flat, slung over a rail to dry, it would fall to pieces, and hence its straight shape, its lack of the characteristic curved ends. It is an ugly white, too, instead of a rich yellow in color. Boiled, it is apt to break up and collapse. Eaten, there is little nourishment and less taste to it."

Lely the Painter.

Sir William Lely had agreed for the price of a portrait he was to draw for a rich London alderman, who was not indebted to nature either for shape or face. The picture being finished, the alderman endeavored to beat down the price, saying that if he did not purchase it it would remain on the painter's hands.

"That's a mistake," said Sir William, "for I can sell it at double the price I demand."

"How can that be?" says the alderman, "for it is like no one but me."

"True," replied Sir William, "but I will draw a tail to it and then it will be a capital monkey."

The alderman at once paid down the money demanded and carried off the picture.

Automobile Artillery.

Efforts are being made by the powers toward the adaptation of the automobile to the transportation of field artillery. It has been pointed out that the idea of a self-moving gun carriage for field guns was suggested as early as the year 1769 by the engineer, Cugnot. At present efforts are principally directed to the perfection of a form of automobile suitable to take the place of horses in drawing the artillery wagons. Many different forms of ironclad automobiles, carrying light guns, have already been invented and tested, with more or less success, but, it is said, the main problem is to adapt the automobile to the transportation of guns mounted, as at present, on their own carriages.

Nature's Sun Dial.

There is no need for clocks on the Aegean sea any day when the sun is shining. There nature does not vary, though the centuries pass. The natural time-marker is the largest sun dial in the world. Projecting into the blue waters of the sea is a large promontory which lifts its head 3,000 feet above the waves. As the sun swings round the pointed shadow of the mountain just touches one after the other of a number of small islands which are at exact distances apart and set an hour mark on the great dial.

MRS. MANGES ESCAPES OPERATION

How She Was Saved From Surgeon's Knife by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mogadore, Ohio.—"The first two years I was married I suffered so much from female troubles and bearing down pains that I could not stand on my feet long enough to do my work. The doctor said I would have to undergo an operation, but my husband wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound first. I took

three bottles and it made me well and strong and I avoided a dreadful operation. I now have two fine healthy children, and I cannot say too much about what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. LEE MANGES, R. F. D. 10, Mogadore, Ohio.

Why will women take chances with an operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

PITTSBURG EXPOSITION

Opens Aug. 27th Closes Oct. 18th

Silver Jubilee—25th Anniversary

MUSIC BY THE WORLD'S BEST BANDS AND ORCHESTRAS

Four Concerts Daily
Afternoons and Evenings
3000 Free Seats

CINCINNATI SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Under Direction of Wassili Leps
Aug. 27th to Sept. 6th

SOUSA AND HIS BAND
Sept. 8th to Sept. 20th

RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Sept. 22d to Sept. 27th

CREATORE AND HIS BAND
Sept. 29th to Oct. 8th

WALTER DAMROSCH AND THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Oct. 9th to Oct 18th

Great Realistic Spectacular Production
"Sinking of the Titanic"
Real boats, wireless telegraph, icebergs, etc., with added features

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Model Panama Canal
Showing Actual Operation

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Excursions on all railroads every week

ADMISSION 25¢

STAY AS LONG AS YOU PLEASE

STAR

Is the Place to go for the Best Entertainment

BIG FEATURE WEEK

Week of Sept. 29th to Oct. 4th

TODAY

"Wartime Mother's Sacrince" a 2 reel Broncho. "Pat gets on the Trail" by Lux company.

WEDNESDAY

"Mission Bells," by American, "Rosita's Cross of Gold," a touching drama by Reliance and the Keystone laugh, "Prof. Bean's Removal."

THURSDAY

"Banzai" a 2 reel Kaybee production, Mutual Weekly No. 31 is one of our educating pictures all should see.

FRIDAY

"In the Nick of Time," an exciting 2 reel Thanhouser. Also "Single-handed Jim" by the American company, and a very interesting Reliance film, "LITTLE PIRATE."

SATURDAY

Prospoal by Proxy,"

Is a picture that all, especially the young folks should see. Something new. Also, "Told in the Future" and "Doctor's Dilemma," by the Reliance company and "The Massacre," 2 Reel, 10 cents.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the [illegible] bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT McAFEE.
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment to Article Three, Section Seven.

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows.—

"Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or impairing of liens:

"Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships wards, boroughs, or school districts

"Changing the names of persons or places.

"Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases:

"Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys:

"Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

"Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys:

"Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State:

"Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children:

"Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines:

"Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters:

"For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

"Granting divorces

"Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits, or school districts:

"Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

"Changing the law of descent or succession:

"Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

"Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables:

"Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes:

"Fixing the rate of interest:

"Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment.

"Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury:

"Exempting property from taxation:

"Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing:

"Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof:

"Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down a railroad track:

"Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed:

"Nor shall any law be passed granting powers and privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for,"—so as to read as follows:—

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens:

Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts:

Changing the names of persons or places:

Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases:

Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys:

Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys;

Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State:

Authorizing the adoption, or legitimation of children:

Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties or changing county lines:

Incorporating cities, towns or villages, or changing their charters:

For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

Granting divorces:

Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits, or school districts:

Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

Changing the law of descent or succession:

Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables

Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes.

Fixing the rate of interest:

Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid [illegible]

Exempting property from taxation:

Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing, but the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the State or by any county, city, borough town, township, school district, village, or other civil division of the State, or by any co[illegible] or sub-contractor performing work, labor or service for the State, or for any county, city, borough, township, township school district, village or other civil division thereof.

Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof

Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track.

Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law, but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed.

Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No 2.

ROBERT McAFEE.
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section three of article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows. "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election as circumstances may require All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for the county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day, namely the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read.

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto. Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year.

A true copy of Concurrent Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT McAFEE.
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of [illegible] taxes, but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.

ROBERT McAFEE.
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and [illegible] Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Article IX

Section [illegible] gations which have been heretofore [illegible]ed or which may hereafter be [illegible] by any county or municipality other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of [illegible], subways, underground [illegible] or street railways, or any part thereof shall be considered [illegible] a municipality, within the meaning of section eight of article [illegible] Constitution of Pennsylvania [illegible] the net revenue [illegible] sinking fund for a period [illegible] years, after or where the same [illegible] by the county or municipality, after [illegible] thereof shall have been [illegible] interest and sinking fund [illegible] during said period upon [illegible] of the said obligations, shall be [illegible] by them upon the respective properties and shall impose no municipal liability. Where municipalities or counties shall issue obligations to provide for the [illegible] of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of [illegible] years [illegible] shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year. Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum and not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein if such excess of indebtedness shall have been approved by [illegible] of the electors [illegible] at a public election, in such manner [illegible] be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5.

ROBERT McAFEE.
Secretary of the Commonwealth

WE WIN BY FOREIGN BLOOD

So Says Ex-Oxford Athlete Who Wants England to Copy the Plan of Sweden.

W. Beach Thomas, an Oxford graduate and former athlete, in reviewing the Olympic games in the Daily Mail says: "One can understand American supremacy. The winners are mostly Englishmen, Scotchmen, or above all, Irishmen, at one remove from the old country One conspicuous victory was won by an ex-Swede.

"A vast population, recruited by the best red blood, as the Americans boast, from virile Europe a population specialistically devoted to the narrowest form of athletics and possessed almost of a mania for competition, is likely to produce a fine team. It did produce an incomparable team The inclusion of Indians, Hawaiians and one Anglo-Russian further added to the total of marks.

"The Swedes are a better standard of comparison. Their athletes are a delight to the eyes. They were none of them specialists, but were all gymnasts in a wide sense, as well as athletes in a wide sense. The nation has used the Olympic games as a test of the physical training in which the whole nation has been brought up. By a quiet, methodical and really national movement they have vastly increased the nation's virility. The people at large can drill, row, swim, run, throw and play.

"The question for England is whether we cannot direct our national talent for athletics so that our teams may at least have some esprit du corps, in which the defeated Olympic team was grievously deficient, and so that athletic skill with a chance of representing the nation may become a really healthy ambition among the rich and poor in town and village. Such an ideal is realized already in Sweden, Denmark and Finland, and is being discussed in France and Germany."

Brazil's Valuable Water Power.

Fortunately for Brazil, without any coal of much value, there is water power to be found in almost every state in the republic, and the large power plants already installed for some years have been obliged to increase their voltage to meet the growing demands for light and power.

No Cause for Alarm.

"I thought I told you not to eat any porterhouse steak without my permission." "So you did, doc; so you did." "Then why are you disobeying my order?" "This won't delay the paying of your bill, doc! this steak is being paid for by my friend here."

Outside of the Ordinary.

A smart Philadelphia woman has studied law successfully, to avoid legal expenses. But most people who have legal expenses are too busy doing the things that cause them to study such law.—Topeka Journal.

Judging by the Sound.

Asked to explain the meaning of vis-a-vis, a boy at Elm House school, Surbiton, wrote: "Vis-a-vis means the stuff that comes out of a champain bottle before the champain itself."—London Mail.

Silenced the Tourist.

"Have you resided long in this town?" asked a tourist of the oldest inhabitant. "Yes," he replied, "a long time. D'ye see that mountain over yonder? Well, that was there when I came here." The tourist traveled on.

Too Transparent a Boast.

When a man pretends that he doesn't care what the papers say about him it is a sign that they are not giving him much praise.

LAST OF A RACE OF KINGS

Michael, Prince of Cyprus, Jerusalem and Syria, Died Recently in Charity Hospital.

In the charity ward of a hospital in St. Petersburg there died of cancer a few days ago the last of a dynasty of famous kings. This pauper was Michael, prince of Cyprus, Jerusalem and Syria, aged fifty-four. With him perished the family of Lusignan, which had been reigning monarchs for many centuries

Prince Michael was the only son of Louis de Lusignan, who was driven from the throne of Cyprus by the Turks in 1821. He had intrusted his vast treasures to the Patriarch of Constantinople, but the Turks confiscated these and appropriated them to their own use In the war for the liberation of Greece the prince tried to regain his throne, but in 1827 he had to flee to Russia where Czar Nicholas gave him a commission as captain in the army.

Prince Louis fought in the Crimean war, but the result of this was disastrous to his hopes When Greece re[illegible] the newly created nation was twice offered to Prince Louis, who refused it.

Napoleon III. took up Prince Louis' cause and Count Debussy made a formal contract to supply him with the necessary means He expected to wring from the Turkish government about $[illegible]. The Franco-Prussian war resulted in Napoleon III. being driven from the throne of France and once more the hopes of Prince Louis to regain the throne of Cyprus, Jerusalem and Syria were dashed to the ground

In 1884 Prince Louis died leaving his only son nothing but aspirations and a royal name Prince Michael was then 24 years old He lived almost as a recluse but never gave up his hopes. Those who knew him considered him a crank because of the strange costume he always wore. This consisted of a Russian army overcoat with gold buttons on which were the three crowns of his kingdom.

MONOLITHS FOUND IN EGYPT

Some Are Enormous but the Majority of Them Are of Moderate Size.

The monoliths of Egypt were as a rule of comparatively moderate size, and most of the building blocks were such as would generally be used today, but the pillars of the temple of the Sphinx are 16 feet in height by 4½ feet in width and some others are 20 to 26 feet in height

Most of the great columns, says the National magazine, are built up in courses, and those of Luxor are not solid, two-thirds of the diameter being filled in with a yellow concrete or cement which has now lost its adhesiveness. These, however, are of immense proportions, with shafts of 49 feet, capitals of 11½ feet and a diameter at the base of 11½ feet

At Karnak the columns of the main hall measure 55 feet in the shaft, with lotus flower capitals of 10 feet additional; their largest diameter is 11 feet 8 inches. Other temples were supported by columns scarcely less lofty and impressive. Upon these columns immense blocks of hewn stone formed massive architraves, on which the thick flagging of the stone roofs was supported.

The arch, while not unknown to the Egyptians, was for some reason seldom used in the great temples. By what means these immense pillars were carried up and the superstructure added is something of a puzzle to modern artisans who appreciate the difficulties to be met.

World's Oldest Museum.

The oldest museum in the world may be found in the city of Nara, the former capital of Japan. Since its foundation, in 756, it has gone through all the changes of the Japanese empire without one single addition to its collection. Dr. Otto Kummel is one of the few Europeans who were permitted to visit this museum. It opens its doors but once a year, on a day in spring, when a special committee inspect the collection, and a new list is made out. The museum contains about 3,000 articles, which are said to be the most beautiful specimens of decorative work which have ever been produced by human hand, such as lacquer ware, decorative furniture, enamel ware, cambric-like fabric, etc. The origin of the majority of the articles is uncertain; some came from China and others from Korea, but most of them appear to be of a more exotic origin. All, however, came of a year prior to the year 756.

Queen's Apt Rebuke.

Queen Victoria, who hated unpunctuality, once administered an apt rebuke to a certain mistress of the robes:

A day and an hour had been appointed for a certain public ceremony in which the queen had to take part. The hour had arrived, and of all the court the duchess alone was absent, and her absence retarded the departure. The queen gave vent more than once to her impatience, and at length, just as she was about to enter her carriage without her first lady of honor, the duchess, in breathless haste, made her appearance, stammering some faint words of excuse. "My dear duchess," said the queen smiling, "I think you must have a bad watch." And as she spoke she unloosed from her neck the chain of a magnificent watch which she herself wore, and passed it round the neck of the [illegible]

GREAT IS THE BUCKWHEAT!

Only Sympathetic Pie May Be Likened to the Tasteful Cereal Cakes, Says Rhapsodist.

This modest flowering plant makes but a poor showing in our annual crop returns—some 10,000,000 bushels, perhaps. As a grain it figures insignificantly, outside of New York and Pennsylvania. But it is to be noted that the honey bee is aware of its peculiar virtue, preferring alone the white clover to the buckwheat blossoms. Farmers who keep bee hives know this and plant patches of the grain.

Wise as the bee is the man who awaits the honey from the hive, the flour from the buckwheat; then follows the griddle cake.

Its time is at hand. It goes with sausage or Philadelphia scrapple There are such distinct American products that one reads with keen sympathy in the latest life of the expatriated genius Whistler how he was so devoted to buckwheat cakes that "he insisted almost at the price [illegible] enthusiasm" How could others be expected to do so born outside the buckwheat belt? Wretched, homesick artist

Other countries are blessed with special foods, from the caviare of Russia to the macaroni of Italy, but they are beyond the pale, pitiably ignorant of what they miss and of what we are about to enjoy. In America there is nothing sectional about the buckwheat cake: it springeth up as a lowly flower, and, in the common taste for it, is to be likened only to the unpretentious pumpkin pie.—Philadelphia Press.

Interesting Facts About Oysters.

An oyster is wonderfully prolific A single oyster in a single season will produce 30,000,000 eggs. If these all survive and in turn had normal families, in a few years many great bodies of water, such as Long Island Sound, Peconic, Gardners, Narragansett, Great South and Chesapeake bays would become filled up. Navigation would have to be suspended.

The oyster shells would form solid land, as do the houses of the coral insects of the South Pacific. But instead of increasing, the destruction of the young oysters by their enemies is so great, together with the depletion of the natural beds by the demand for this delicious food by mankind, that far from increasing, in past years the supply was greatly depleted. In many cases it has threatened to become extinct. This was especially true in Great Britain and some places on the Atlantic coast.

In recent years, however, a vast industry has been established for the artificial propagation and cultivation of oysters. Now hundreds of thousands of acres are employed in oyster farming in the great bays and sounds of the Atlantic seaboard. Here oyster farming under from 30 to 60 feet of water is conducted upon an enormous scale, at great expense and labor.

Winning the Greatest Things.

It is flattering to our lower natures to be envied. But for the esteem that is worth having, one kindly action, one tender, considerate word, will do more than the fullest measure of glittering success. Hustling, pushing, grabbing, will win many rewards according to their desert; the nature of the reward meets the nature of the effort. But they will not win affection, they will not win tenderness and love. —Exchange.

Infants Demand "Ragtime."

A song writer says ragtime is as legitimate music as the lullaby. "The ragtime," he says, "marks the passing of the old-fashioned mother who lullabied the baby into dreamland. Today the infant is 'ragged' to sleep, and, according to the statement of an experienced nursery maid, they will not close an eye unless this particular kind of music is hummed while they are being rocked."

Extra! Special!!!

Ambrose Crosslots says: "Fellers are funny Some of them go around with their hands in their pockets, and others wear diamond rings."—Judge.

Porto Rico's Advancement.

Porto Rico, until recently benighted, lax and lethargic, whose trade was of little importance to the world, has risen until it stands twelfth among the countries of the globe as a customer of the United States. Last year the island purchased from this country over $37,000,000 worth of products. The islanders cannot supply the demand made upon them for coffee, tobacco and other products, and are prospering generally.

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with cash which you carry around in your pocket or keep in a common drawer in your shop, but deposit your money with this bank and pay it out by check. Then you will have a receipt for all your expenditures and an account of what you are doing—and there will be no danger of loss from fire, theft or other misfortune.

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